+0.39

+0.5

+0.39

(Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, bsolute Maximum Ratings (Note 10)

office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Vapor Phase (60 seconds) SD Susceptibility (Note 11)

SO Package (Note 12): Infrared (15 seconds)

LM35/LM35A/LM35C/LM35CA/LM35D 215°C 220°C

2500V

Specified Operating Temperature Range: TMIN to TMAX

-55°C to +150°C -40°C to +110°C 0°C to +100°C

LM35C, LM35CA LM35, LM35A

(Note 2)

-60°C to + 180°C -60°C to +150°C -65°C to +150°C -65°C to + 150°C

Storage Temp., TO-46 Package, TO-92 Package. SO-8 Package,

.tput Voltage you Voltage Juput Current

+6V to - 1.0V +35V to -0.2V

LM35D

TO-202 Package,

while the LM35CA, LM35CA, and LM35D are also available in the plastic TO-92 transistor package. The LM35D is also avallable packaged in hermetic TO-46 transistor packages, Precision Centigrade Temperature Sensors LM35/LM35A/LM35C/LM35CA/LM35D The LM35 series are precision integrated-circuit temperature sensors, whose output voltage is linearly proportional to the Celsius (Centigrade) temperature. The LM35 thus has an advantage over linear temperature sensors calibrated in National Semiconductor General Description

LM35/LM35A/LM35C/LM35CA/LM35D

and a plastic TO-202 package.

available in an B-lead surface mount small outline package

Kelvin, as the user is not required to subtract a large con-

stant voltage from its output to obtain convenient Cents

grade scaling. The LM35 does not require any external callbration or trimming to provide typical accuracies of ±1/4°C at room temperature and ±1/4°C over a full -55 to +150°C ance, linear output, and precise inherent calibration make

temperature range. Low cost is assured by trimming and interfacing to readout or control circuity especially easy. It can be used with single power supplies, or with plus and

calibration at the wafer level. The LM35's low output imped-

 Calibrated directly in * Celsius (Centigrade) ■ Linear + 10,0 mV/°C scale factor Features

■ 0.5°C accuracy guaranteeable (at +25°C) ■ Rated for full -55° to +150°C range Low cost due to wafer-level trimming Suitable for remote applications

 Low self-heating, 0.08°C in still air Less than 60 μA current drain ■ Operates from 4 to 30 votts

very low self-heating, less than 0.1°C in still air. The LM35 is

Connection Diagrams

Metal Can Package*

(0) *

minus supplies. As it draws only 60 µA from its supply, it has rated to operate over a -55° to +150°C temperature range, while the LM35C is rated for a -40° to +110°C range (-10° with improved accuracy). The LM35 series is

Electrical Characteristics (Note 1) (Note 6)

10-202 Package, (Soldering, 10 seconds) TO-92 Package, (Soldering, 10 seconds)

300°C 260°C

TO 46 Package, (Soldering, 10 seconds)

LN35A

Tested

Conditions

Parameter

Note 4) ±0.5

(Note 5) Design Ĭ

(Max.)

Ę

Typical

(Note 5)

±0.5 ±1.0

ပ်ဂ်ဂ် ပ္

> ±1.5 ÷0.3

Units

Design

Tested Note 4)

M35CA Ē

> - 10.0 ±0.2 10.4 ±0.35 ±1.0

> > ±0.18 + 10.0

MINSTASTMAX TMINSTAS TMAX

± 0.4

± 0.2

TA = - 10°C A = +25°C

Accuracy Note 73

■ Low impedance output, 0.1 Ω for 1 mA load

■ Nonlinearity only ± ¼°C typical

TA = TMAX

A T TAIN

9.0

+ 9.9,

+ 0.0 + 10.1 ±1.0

±0.05

£0.5

TMINSTASTMAX

Note 3) 0 < 1, < 1 mA

Line Regulation

(Note 3) (Note 9)

TUN-5618-21

I K.C.

TUH/5618-2

TUN/5518-1

NOTTON WENT

BOTTOM YEAR

Load Regulation (Average Slope)

Sensor Gain NOTITUDE

> ٩ N.S. Z.

> > FC. T

Ę Ţ

(Note 8)

Small Outline Molded Package

Pastic Package \$17 \$17 TA = +25°C TA = +25°C

±0.4

mV/mA

3.0

100

۶ ۲ <u>۸</u>

9

62

± 0,01 ± 0.02

6 131

æ

10.5 +0.4

0.02 +0.01 8 2

56.2 133

±0.05 67 89

= 5

TA/C 1111 **1**1 +0.5 50

5

0.2

2,0

9

0.5

4V 5 VS 5 30V, + 25°C Vs = +30V, +25°C

4V ≤ VS < 30V

Quiescent Current

(Note 3)

Change of

101=(1m),

Order Number LM35DM See NS Package Number M08A

N.C. - No Connection

See MS Package Number 203A

Order Number LM35H, LM35AH, LM35CH, LM35CAH or LM35DH See NS Package Number H03H *Case is connected to negative pin (GND)

Order Number LM35CZ, LM35CAZ or LM35DZ

Typical Applications

Plastic Package

TO-202

Top View

105.5

Vs=+30V

56.2

g 2

Vs= +5V. +25°C

Quiescent Current

Vs = +5V

4V < VS < 30V

ပ္ +2.0

> +1.5 ±0.08

+2.0

+15

In circuit of

Minimum Temperature

Quiescent Current

Coefficient of Temperature

2

- 04774T - 0 mV + 10.0 mV/*C

253

3 8

tor Rated Accuracy Long Term Stability

TL/H/5518-4

TL/H/5518-3

FIGURE 1. Basic Centigrade

Sensor (+2°C to +150°C)

ပ္

5-13

Note 1; Uness otherwise noted, these specifications apply: −55°C x T₃x + 150°C (or the LM35 and LM35x; −40° x T₃x + 10°C for the LM35C and LM35C.4; and ^D×1_J× + 100°C for the LAGSC, V_S = + 5Voc and _{LOAD}=50 µA, in the drout of Figure 2. These specifications also apply from +2°C to T_{MAX} in the circuit of Figure 1. Specifications in biolidates apply over the full rated temperature range. ±0.08 Figure 1, 1 = 0 TJ=TMAX, for 1000 hours

th 85°C/W junction to embient For additional tharmal resistance information see table in the Applications section.

FIGURE 2. Full-Range Centigrade

5-12

- - 250 mV at - 55°C

TUH/5516-24

3

See NS Package Number P03A

Order Number LM35DP

VOUT = +1,500 mV at +150°C

Choose R₁ = -V_S/50 µA

- + 250 mV tt + 25°C Temperature Sensor

Mote 2. Thermal researce of the TO-46 package is 400C/W, incritor to ambent, and 240C/W purcion to case. Thermal resistance of the TO-422 package is A0CC/W purcion to ambient. Thermal resistance of the ETO-422 package is 220°C/W purcion to ambient. Thermal resistance of the ETO-422 package is 220°C/W purcion to ambient. Thermal resistance of the ETO-422 package is 220°C/W purcion to ambient. Thermal resistance of the ETO-422 package is 220°C/W purcion to ambient.

5-15

(X) SUMM JANA TO INDICENT	Outescent Current Va. Transform (A.) (In Circuit of Mure (In Cir	Accurery v. Temperature (Guarantees) (Guarantees) (15) (16) (16) (16) (17) (18) (1	Start-Up Response
Thermail The Constant The Con	Minimum Supplementary William of the state	A COURS SAUMWING (Garantee) (ω ₁ ν ν ν ν ν ν ν ν ν ν ν ν ν ν ν ν ν ν ν
The man is a second of	The mail flee points in the second of Berlin and Strategory of Strategor	Outsecent Current As Temporature (a) Circuit of Four 2, 1 (b) Circuit of Four 2, 1 (c) Circuit of Four 2, 1 (c) Circuit of Four 3, 1 (d) Circuit of Four 3, 1 (e) Circuit of Four 3, 1 (f) Circuit of Four 3, 1 (g) Circu	(In Van) 33000

<u>*</u> /	/		Ĩ	,	,		ւ	į	۔ بو د	اع	ပ္	MV/C			AN IN		7		. 1		1		1:	2		ī	rayatr													
ľ	7	5 5	(Mote 5)	1	11.5	5.1	±2.0	-	12.0	120	9	├	+ 10.2	E .	+	±0.2	-			_	_		+			þ		þ	-	Macts can b		a not used a		Store Commit		terrperation		do nos appey when		1
M35D				-	-		-			+	1	Ŧ	7		_	#		138		•	,		9	-		+20				/mento		e terreto su		Ore of you		Dalia raised		8 do 70		
LM35C, LM35D			(Note 4)	± 1.0				±1.5					19	1.2.0	±0.1		8		82		2.0								7	ou due to		rges. Thee		fed conditi		136 GPV		pecification		hand Thu
		Typical		±0.4	+0.5	+0.4	±0.8	# 40.6	50 0	+ 0.2		+ 10.0	+0.4	+0.5	±0.01	+0.02	28	5	2 96 2	+	0.2		+0.39			+1.5	+	± 0.08	1	Chenges in our		verspecerure and supply voltage runges. These limbs are not used to		raters, at speci	drawing have		to the device may occur for any or	TO SECULOR		Surface Mon
	Design	Limit	(MOTe 5)			4	513			±0.5			T	78.0		2		95	101	1	9.0		+0.7		+	+2.0	+		1	a duty cycle.		entine and en		'a case tempe	on the best-fit		2			e section tribe
LM35	Tested	Umit Note 4)		P.	+ 4	9	T				0.01	+ 10.2	±2,0		±0.1	1		- 6		000		1			+		+			6	Manager 1			nes the device	thre curve to		device may o		Mathematical in	mederaly or the
		Typical	100	101	# O #	0.04				±0.3	+ 10.0		-	±0.5	±0.02	3	50	26.2	105.5	0.0	3	1	9.70		1		+0.08		P. URING SURES Law	, and	tion. Pisted) over the in		Pature range.	M C /MINO	P-vorsus-lempers		demage to the	to t	d on Protoco on	THOSE ARRESTS CHANGE
	Conditions		TA=+26°C	TA = 10°C	TA = TMAX	TATIMIN	TA=+25°C	TA=TMAX	A MIN	MINSTASTMAX	TARINSTASTARX		TA= +25°C	To se a Dead	4V 5 VS 5 30V	VS=+5V, -25°C	VS=+5V	Vs=+30V, +25°C	V _S = +30V	4V ≤ VS ≤ 30V, +25°C	4V 5 V S 5 30 V				In circuit of	Figure 1, I _L = 0	-	1000 hours	Note 2: Regulation is measured at constant function temperature, uniting cases temperature in a	Note 4: Tested Linux are quantitated and note.	Note it Design Linits are guaranteed (but not 100% production lessed) over the instruc-	Note 6: Spechcations in boldham apply over the	Motor 7: Accusedy a defined as the enter between the cultural vertices and some		range.	and in the charact of Figure 1,	operating the dense beyond its rated operating the beyond which demage	Mote 11: Human body model, 100 pF discharged through a 1.5 kg mainter.	The FLOR MAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A	or other methods of soldering au-
	Parameter	NT/		(Note 7)				(Note 7)	,		Sensor Gain	(adole algorithm)	(Note 3) 0 sty s 1 mA	Line Regulation	(Note 3)	Oulescent Current	(A GAG B)		Change of	Section of the sectio	(Note 3)	Temperature	Coefficient of	Lineacent Current	Minimum Temperature	or Hated Accuracy	Long Term Stability		Note 2: Regulation at megacine computed by mytochem the same	Mote 4: Tested Links are guera	Mote & Design Limits are guarac calculate outpoing quality lesses.	Vote 6: Specifications in bolding	tots 7: Accuracy is defined as the	Total B: Nontimearity as defined as	-ebu	Note it. Quescent curent is defined in the circuit of Figure 1. Note to: Assessed	Meang the device beyond its re	ofe 11: Human body model, 100	miconductor Linear Date Book	SOOR BOOK

Typical Applications (Continued)

about 0.01°C of the surface temperature.

This presumes that the ambient air temperature is almost the same as the surface temperature; if the air temperature were much higher or lower than the surface temperature. nediate temperature between the surface temperature and the air temperature. This is expecially true for the TO-92 plastic package, where the copper leads are the principal hermal path to carry heat into the device, so its temperature might be closer to the air temperature than to the surhe actual temperature of the LM35 die would be at an inter-

To minimize this problem, be sure that the wiring to the LM35, as it leaves the device, is held at the same temperature as the surface of interest. The easiest way to do this is to cover up these wires with a bead of epoxy which will ace temperature.

ure as the surface, and that the LM35 die's temperature will

not be affected by the air temperature.

insure that the leads and wires are all at the same tempera-

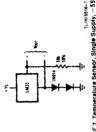
The TO-46 metal package can also be soldered to a metal surface or pipe without damage. Of course, in that case the metal tube, and can then be dipped into a bath or screwent into a threaded hole in a tank. As with any IC, the LM35 and Alternatively, the LM35 can be mounted inside a sealed-env accompanying wiring and circuits must be kept insulated and dry, to avoid leakage and corrosion. This is especially Irue if the circuit may operate at cold temperatures where condensation can occur. Printed-circuit coatings and var. nishes such as Humiseal and epoxy paints or dips are often used to insure that moisture cannot corrode the LM35 or its V - terminal of the circuit will be grounded to that men connections.

nand, a small thermal mass may be added to the sensor, to These devices are sometimes soldered to a small light, weight heat fin, to decrease the thermal time constant and speed up the response in slowly-moving air. On the other give the steadlest reading despite small deviations in the ay emberature.

JAE 6. Two-Wire Remote Temperature Sensor Mus = 10 mF/TC (Tamesor + 1°C) FROM = 2°C TD + 40°C (Dutput Referred to Ground) THINSTED PAIR 9 33 TL/H/5518-5 7.00 FROM +2*C TO +40*C THISTED PAIR (Grounded Sensor) 182

TL/H/5516-6

FIGURE 5. Two-Wire Remote Temperature Sensor



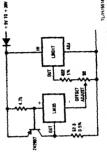
No. - 10 -17/10 (Names + 10/0) FROM ... 970 to + 40°0

FIGURE 7. Temperature Sensor, Single Supply, ~55* to + 150°C

TIVE LOAD WINDLE, ETC.

8. Two-Wire Remota Temperature Sensor

(Output Referred to Ground)



L/H/5516-20

capacitishee because the capacitance forms a bypass from pround to input, not on the output, However, as with any inear circuit connected to wires in a hostile environment, its performance can be affected adversely by intense electronagnetic sources such as relays, radio transmitters, motors with arcing brushes, SCR transients, etc., as its wiring card as rectifiers. For best results in such cases, a bypass caper

FIGURE 4, LM35 with R-C Damper

Small heart fle

no heat sink

email heat fin" no heat sink small heat lin"

no heat sink

enel heat fin

o heat sink 100°C/W 50°C/W (24°C/W

400 C/W 100°C/W

26-02 BO'C/W

90°C/W 90°C/W

40°C/W 30.00 W/OO! 1016

800

220°C/W

70°C/W 70°C/W 40°C/W 140°C/W 10-62

110°C/W 9

Temperature Rise of LM35 Due To Self-heating (Thermal Resistance)

10-202

W/2.09

(23°C/W)

(55°C/W)

TO-202 ***

FIGURE 9. 4-To-20 mA Current Source (O'C to + 100°C)

*

₹ :

J. H. 9516-10

URE 10. Fahrenheit Thermometer

5.17

act as a receiving antenna and its internal junctions can ad tor from V_{IN} to ground and a series R-C damper such 88 750 in series with 0.2 or 1 µF from output to ground and

often useful. These are shown in Figures 13, 14, and 16.

Typical Applications (Continued)

TO-92 and SO-8 packages glued and leads soldered to 1" square of V₆" printed circuit board with 2 oz, toil or sinving

* Wakefield type 201, or 1" dec of 0.020" sheet brass, soldered to case, or similar

(Ciamped to metal. Infinite hear sink) Stiff ou Stirred oil Moving air

TO A MICH AMPEDANCE LOAD TUH/5516-19 FIGURE 3. LM35 with Decoupling from Capacitive Load CAPACTINE LEAD, WIDING, ETC.

The service of

CAPACITIVE LOADS

to drive heavy capacitive loads. The LM35 by itself is able to anticipated, it is easy to isolate or decouple the load with a Like most micropower circuits, the LM35 has a limited abifity drive 50 of without special precautions, if heavier loads are resistor; see Figure 3. Or you can improve the tolerance of capacitance with a series R-C damper from output

When the LM35 is applied with a 2000 load resistor as shown in Figure 5, 6, or 8, it is relatively immone to wiring ground; see Figure 4.

FW39\FW39V\FW39C\FW39D

5-16

National Semiconductor

LM135/LM235/LM335, LM135A/LM235A/LM335A Precision Temperature Sensors

temperatura range. The LM335 operates from -40°C to +100°C. The LM135/LM235/LM335 are available pecknonal to absolute temperature at $+10~{\rm mV/}^2{\rm K}$. With less than 1Ω dynamic impedance the device operates over a The LM135 senes are precision, easity-calibrated, integrated circuit temperature sensors. Operating as a 2-terminal zener, the LM135 has a breakdown voltage directly proporcurrent ranga of 400 µA to 5 mA with virtually no change in performance. When calibrated at 25°C the LM135 has typically less than 1°C error over a 100°C temperatura range Unlike other sensors the LM135 has a linear output General Description

TL/H/5516-23

Applications for the LM135 include almost any type of temperatura sensing over a -55°C to +150°C temperature range. The low impedance and linear output make interfacng to readout or control circuitry especially easy.

aged in hermetic TO-46 transistor packages while the LM335 is also available in plastic TO-92 packages. Easily calibrated eatures

Less than 10 dynamic impedance Operates from 400 µA to 5 mA 1°C initial accuracy available Directly calibrated in "Kelvin

Wide operating lemperature range

■ 200°C ovarrange The LM135 operates over a -55°C to +150°C temperatura

■ Low cost

Schematic Dlagram

range while the LM235 operates over a -40°C to + 125°C

Metal Can Package 9 Surface Mount Package

Connection Diagrams

Plastic Package

1-5006-1

1-9686-F

Order Number LM335M or

Order Number LM335Z or LM335AZ

Bottom View

See NS Package Number 203A

- LM335AM

17.H/5698-28 **Bottom View**

Case is corrected to regarive pin Order Number LM135H, LM235H LM335H, LM135AH, See NS Package Number H03H LM235AH or LM336AH

ģ

LM35/LM35A/LM35C/LM35CA/L